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60753

I Semester M.Sc. Examination, February 2019
(CBCS Scheme)
CHEMISTRY
Paper C – 103 : Physical Chemistry – I

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : Answer Question No. 1 and any five of the remaining questions

1. Answer any ten of the following : (10×2=20)
- Show that $\sin 2x$ is not an eigenfunction of the operator d/dx , but of d^2/dx^2 . What is its eigenvalue ?
 - Give the degeneracy of the states of the hydrogen atom for which $n = 3$. Designate all states.
 - What is normalisation of a wave function ? Normalize the function x^2 in the interval $0 \leq x \leq a$.
 - Estimate in terms of \hbar values of spin and orbital angular momenta for an electron occupying a 'd' orbital.
 - For a trial wave function $\psi = c_1\phi_1 + c_2\phi_2$, write the secular determinant.
 - Write spectroscopic term symbols for the ground state of P and Ne.
 - Define steric factor and mention its importance in the study of reaction kinetics.
 - Express the velocity constant in terms of thermodynamic parameters ΔG and ΔH .
 - The relaxation time for a fast reaction is 6 micro seconds and the value of equilibrium constant is 4×10^4 . Calculate the rate constant of forward reaction.
 - How does the catalyst enhance the rate of reaction ?
 - Represent Linweaker-Burk plot and explain its significance.
 - Spontaneous adsorption is always exothermic. Justify the statement.
2. a) Setup the Hamiltonian operator for helium atom. Express its atomic units.
b) Write brief notes on commutative and non-commutative operators.
c) Calculate the energy of an electron in the ground state confined to a box of 2 \AA width and moving in one direction ($m_e = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{g}$). (4+3+3=10)

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3. a) Solve the Schrödinger equation for a harmonic oscillator and find its asymptotic solution.
b) Write the Schrödinger wave equation for H-atom in spherical polar coordinates and separate its radial part. (5+5=10)
4. a) Give quantum mechanical interpretation of Pauli's exclusion principle.
b) Write the essential steps for evaluating the ground state energy of He atom using perturbation method. (5+5=10)
5. a) Apply variation method for a particle in a one-dimensional box.
b) Obtain the expression for relaxation time and explain temperature jump method for the study of kinetics of fast reactions. (5+5=10)
6. a) Predict the effect of ionic strength on the following reactions :
i) $2\text{H}^+ + 2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{Products}$
ii) $\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-} + 2\text{I}^- \rightarrow \text{Products}$
iii) $\text{Fe}^{2+} + \text{Co}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_3^{3-} \rightarrow \text{Products}$
iv) Inversion of sucrose
b) Discuss in detail the activated complex theory of reaction rates: In what way this theory superior to Collision theory? (4+6=10)
7. a) The half life of a first-order reaction is 30 min at 30°C and 45 min at 20°C, respectively, calculate the energy of activation of the reaction.
b) Obtain Michaelis-Menten equation for an enzyme catalyzed reaction and give the different ways in which it can be graphically represented. Highlight the significance of its constants. (4+6=10)
8. a) Explain how the Hinshelwood theory is an improvement over the Lindemann theory of unimolecular reactions.
b) Write BET adsorption isotherm. What limiting condition it approximates to Langmuir adsorption Isotherm ?
c) Explain the effect of temperature on an enzyme catalyzed reactions. (4+3+3=10)